

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# Revision Date.12 March 2019.

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name:** Jo Sonja's® Glass and Tile Primer

Other Names: Product Codes JS71710, JS71740

**Product Description:** Primer for decorative painting on glass or tile.

Manufacturer: Chroma Australia Pty Ltd

PO Box 3B

17 Mundowi Road

Mount Kuring-Gai, NSW 2080 Australia

www.chromaonline.com

For non-emergency information contact: 61-02-9457-9922

**Fax:** 61-02-9457-8082

Emergency telephone number: 13 11 26

Poisons Information Centre

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## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Hazardous

Classified as **HAZARDOUS** according to

the criteria of Safe Work Australia Xi: Irritant: F: Highly Flammable

**Globally Harmonised System** 

Hazard Classification Xi: Irritant: F: Highly Flammable

Hazard Categories Skin Irritation Category 3

Eye Irritation Category 2A Flammable Liquids Category 2

**Pictograms** 

Signal Word DANGER

**Hazard Statements** S2, S7, S16, S24/25, S26, S28, S51, S62

The full text of each S-Phrase is listed in

section16

**Precautionary Statement** R11 Highly flammable

R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin R67 Vapours may cause

drowsiness/dizziness

**National Transport Commission** 

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code)

**Dangerous Goods Classification** Flammable Liquids Category 3

Dangerous Goods according to the Criteria of the Australian Code for the

Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and

Rail (ADG Code)



## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Ingredients

| Chemical Entity                         | Formula | CAS Number | Proportion |
|-----------------------------------------|---------|------------|------------|
|                                         |         |            |            |
| Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alcohol)         |         | 67-63-0    | 75%        |
|                                         |         |            |            |
| Alkoxysilane                            |         | 2530-83-8  | 0.25%      |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |         |            |            |
| Acetic Acid                             |         | 64-19-7    | 0.25%      |
| / today / tota                          |         | 01107      | 0.2070     |
|                                         |         |            |            |

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed/ Ingestion DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to

prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give water to drink. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye Direct eye contact may cause moderate irritation, redness, blurred vision and/or

swelling; Flush eyes with large amounts of cool water keeping the eyelids open.

Seek immediate specialist attention.

Skin Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation; Flush with large amounts

of water, using mild soap if available. Remove grossly contaminated clothing, including shoes, and launder before re-use. If irritation persists, consult a

physician.

Inhaled Move victim to fresh air. If not breathing, apply CPR. If breathing is difficult,

administer oxygen. Seek immediate medical attention.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Avoid gastric lavage – aspiration of product to the lungs may result in

chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary oedema.



## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Conditions: Product is a highly flammable liquid.

Hazchem Code 2YE

Flash point 12°C Closed cup

Suitable extinguishing equipment: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam extinguishers. Do not use a water jet.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Liquid will accumulate electric charges. Vapour is heavier

than air and may float to places far away, and may flashback from ignition sources. The

containers in a fire site may rupture and explode.

#### Hazardous products of combustion:

Incompatible with strong oxidants such as nitrates, perchlorates and peroxides, Phosgene, Ferric salt, Hydrogen-palladium, strong acid, alkali metals or alkali earth metals, and sources of ignition. High heat will cause this material to decompose and produce toxic gas. Cantact with Phosgene produces isopropyl chlorocarbonate and hydrochloric acid. Contact with alkali metals or alkali earth metals may release flammable toxic gasses.

#### Special protective equipment for fire fighters

Wear a positive-pressure self contained breathing apparatus and complete protective fire fighting clothing or chemical splash suit. Stay upwind and ensure fire area is well clear of all non-emergency personnel.



## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions Personal protective equipment (PPE) may be used. See section 8 for full list of

recommended PPE

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all sources of ignition. Increase ventilation. Do not let product reach drains or waterways. If a large amount of product does enter a waterway advise

your local Waste Management.

Dangerous Goods- Initial Emergency Response Guide (IERG) (SAA/SNZ HB76)

For LIQUIDS – FLAMMABLE, Guide No:15

General Response Procedure

Avoid walking through spilled product as it may be slippery. Do not allow product

to reach drains, sewers or waterways. If product does enter a waterway, advise

the Environmental Protection Authority or your local Waste Authority.

Clean Up Procedures Major Spill:

Contain spill with sand and transfer to containers for disposal. Avoid using sawdust or cellulose. Prevent vapours and dusts from building up in confined areas. Do not allow product to enter sewers or bodies of water. Contact local

waste disposal authority for disposal advice.

Minor Spill:

Mop spill with dry rags and dispose of in general waste. Absorbent material used

will become flammable; keep away from ignition sources.

Enviro Precautionary Measures Prevent runoff and contact with waterways, drains or sewers. If large

amounts have been spilled, inform the relevant authorities.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: This product is highly flammable; do not open near open flame, sources of heat or

ignition. No Smoking. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not swallow. Do not inhale. Wash hands with cool

soapy water after use. Use of personal protection equipment (PPE) is

recommended. Operation of use be conducted in a well-ventilated area using the

smallest quantities possible.

Storage: Keep from freezing. Store in a cool, dry place, well ventilated away from direct

sunlight and all sources of ignition. This product is highly flammable and will fuel a fire in progress. Residual vapours are flammable. Incompatible materials include strong oxidants (such as nitrates, perchlorates and peroxides) Phosgene, Ferric salt, Hydrogen-palladium, strong acids, alkali metals and alkali earth metals.

Storage temperature: 1°C/34°F - 38°C/100°F.



#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Exposure Limits** The time weighted average concentration (TWA) for this product has not been

established, however for Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alcohol) the (TWA) is: 440ppm

(983mg/m³) (STEL=500ppm[1230mg/m³])

NOTE: The exposure value at the Time Weighted Average (TWA) is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour

working day for a 5-day working week.

**Exposure controls** 

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate natural or mechanical ventilations. Keep containers closed when not

in use.

Protection Measures Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with water facilities and

ventilation equipment.

Personal Protection Measures For general use, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) may not be required; however, a

detailed risk assessment on the use of this product taking into account the work

environment and handling methods may indicate the use of PPE.

using this product

Skin Protection Wear long sleeves, long trousers or coveralls and enclosed footwear when using this

product.

**Respiratory protection** Where concentrations in the air may approach or exceed the limits described in Section

8, it is recommended to use a half face filter mask of Type 'A' or equivalent material.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Clear liquid

**Odour** Rubbery alcohol odour

pH N/A
Melting/Boiling Point/Range 82.3 °C
Flash Point 12°C
Autoignition Temperature 399°C

-88.5C

Volatile percent
Evaporation rate
N/A
Relative Vapour Density
2.07
Water Solubility
Soluble
Octanol Water Coefficient
Low Kow; 0.05

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability: Stable at room temperature and pressure

Conditions to avoid: Excessive heat, sparks, static electricity, open flames.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** High heat will cause this material to decompose and produce toxic gas.

Contact with Phosgene produces isopropyl chlorocarbonate and hydrochloric acid. Contact with alkali metals or alkali earth metals may increase flammable

toxic gasses.

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidants (such as nitrates, perchlorates and peroxides,) Phosgene,

Ferric salt, Hydrogen-palladium, strong acids, alkali metals and alkali earth

metals.t

**Polymerisation:** Strong oxidants (such as nitrates, perchlorates and peroxides,)

cause increased risk of fire and explosion. Contact with Phosgene produces isopropyl chlorocarbonate and hydrochloric acid. Contact with Ferric salt cause explosive heat decomposition reaction. Contact with strong acid may cause violet reaction. Contact with alkali metals or alkali earth metals may

release flammable toxic gases.

Hazardous polymerisation has not been reported.



Inhalation

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information Minimal Toxicity. IRAC listed Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alcohol) as Group 3- Cannot

be determined as carcinogenic in humans

Eye irritant Contact with eye will cause discomfort and possible swelling but will not

permanently damage the eye tissue.

**Ingestion** Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion, or from vomiting,

may cause chemical pneumonitis, or pulmonary oedema. Ingesting large amounts of this product will result in headaches, nausea, dizziness, and discomfort on swallowing. Ingestions of large amount will cause unconsciousness and death.

Estimated fatal dosage of Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alcohol) is approximately 130gm.

This product is irritating to the respiratory tract. Exposure to large concentrations over an extended period of time may result in muscle weakness, tingling in the hands and feet, blurred vision, headaches, nausea, loss of appetite, Hallucinations, and possible

loss of consciousness.

**Skin Irritant**This product is irritating to the skin with prolonged exposure. It may result in dryness

and cracking.

Carcinogen Category No Data Available

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No environmental impact information is available for this product, however for

Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alcohol);

**Ecotoxicity** Not Determined

Persistence/Degradability Results from 4 experiments shoed that after 5 days (20) in the sewage, isopropyl

alcohol can decompose 58% of the BOD theoretical value.

When released into water, it is expected to quickly evaporate (estimated half-life is 5.4 days) and can be biodegradable (although it decomposed quickly in the

laboratory, there is no relevant data in natural waterways)

When released into the air it is expected to undergo photolysis (half-life is 1 to

several dats0. Since it is water-soluble it may be washed down by rain.

Half-life (air): 62-72hr Half-life (water surface): 24-168hr Half-life (underground water): 48-336hr Half-life (soil): 24-168hr

Mobility When released into soil the soil its soil high vapour pressure, faced with low

absorption from the soil, will cause it to evaporate quickly and seep into the

ground.

Environmental Fate Avoid contaminating waterways, drains and sewers

Bioaccumulation Potential Will not accumulate inside the body

Environmental Impact No Data Available

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Small Quantities Do not pour left over product into drains. Unwanted product should be brushed

onto newspaper and allowed to be disposed of via domestic waste collection. Soak up smaller spills with a rag and dispose of via domestic waste collection. Absorbent material used will become flammable; keep away from all ignition

sources.

Large Quantities Clean up immediately. Prevent spill and clean runoff from entering sewers, drains

and open bodies of water. Contain spill with sand and transfer using non-sparking equipment to containers for disposal. Contact local waste disposal authority for

disposal advice

**General Information** Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations. All empty

packaging should be disposed of in accordance with the Local, State and Federal

Regulations or recycled/reconditioned at an approved facility.



**Special Precautions for Land Fill** Contact a specialist disposal company or the local waste regulator for advice. This product may be recycled if unused, or if it has not be contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. If neither of these options is suitable, consider controlled incineration, or landfill.



### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classified as **HAZARDOUS** for transport according to the criteria of Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG)Code

**UN Number**: 1219

**Hazchem Code 2YE** 

Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code

Proper Shipping Name: Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alchohol)

Dangerous Goods Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Sub. Risk: No Data Available

Classification for Australian land transport (ADG)

Proper Shipping Name: Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alcohol)

Class/Pack Group: 3 Flammable Liquids / II

Special Precaution for User: N/A

UN Number: 1219

Hazchem: 2YE

EPG 16 Liquids- Highly Flammable, Toxic

Classification for sea transport (IMO-IMDG):

Proper Shipping Name: Isopropanol (Isopropyl Alcohol)

Class/Pack Group: 3 Flammable Liquids / II

Special Precaution for User: N/A

UN Number: 1219

Hazchem: 2YE

EMS FE,SD

Marine Pollutant No

Classification for air transport (IATA/ICAO):

Proper Shipping Name: 2-Propanol

Class/Pack Group: N/A

Special Precaution for User: N/A

UN Number: N/A

Hazchem: N/A

**Hazchem Code:** None allocated 2YE



# **15.REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**Poisons Schedule**: No data available

AICS Name: 2-Propanol

**NZ Toxic Substance**: 2-Propanol

**EPG**: HSR:001180

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Full text of S-Phrases** S2 Keep out of reach of children

S7 Keep container tightly closed

S16 Keep away from sources of ignition S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes

S26 In case of contact with eyes rinse immediately

with plenty of water and seek medical attention

S28 After contact with skin, was immediately with

plenty of cool mild soapy water

Use only in well ventilated areas

S62 If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Seek

medical advice immediately

Revision

**Revision Date** 12<sup>th</sup> March 2019

**Reason for Issue** 5 year revision

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates to only the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material when used in combination with any other materials or in any process unless specified in the text. Since Chroma Australia Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control conditions of use, each user prior to using the product should assess and control the risks arising from usage of the product