

MURAL POINT

potok
PW 6

sand
PW 6, PB 7

scorched
PY 74, PW 6

fury
PY 74, PR 188, PW 6

stop
PR 170, PW 6

brick
PR 101

pucker
PR 122, PW 6

purple haze
PV 23, PW 6

ice
PB 15.3, PW 6

acid
PB 15.3

calypso
PW 6, PG 7, PB 15.3

skins
PY 74, PW 6, PG 7

como
PG 17

go
PG 7, PY 74

dirt
PB 7

mud
PB 7

blacktop
PBk 11

rock star
micaceous

atom rock
micaceous

MURAL POINT MARKERS

potok
PW 6

blacktop
PBk 11

scorched
PY 74, PW 6

stop
PR 170, PW 6

brick
PR 101

purple haze
PV 23, PW 6

ice
PB 15.3, PW 6

acid
PB 15.3

go
PG 7, PY 74

dirt
PB 7

sand
PW 6, PB 7

skins
PY 74, PW 6, PG 7

cosmic violet
non-lightfast
NEON

stazzing pink
non-lightfast
NEON

screaming green
non-lightfast
NEON

GLOW IN
THE DARK

rock star
micaceous

aura
non-lightfast

atom rock
micaceous



CHROMA MURAL GUIDE

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Available in 4 oz bottles with synthetic mohair tip applicator

Surface, temperature, humidity and paint application affect any paint's performance.
Due to the individual nature of art, Chroma makes no express or implied warranties
regarding the suitability of Chroma Mural Paint for a particular situation.

Available in: 16 oz (500ml) jars (covers approx. 64 sq. ft./6 sq m)
1/2 Gallon (2L) bottles (covers approx. 256 sq ft./23 sq m)
Gallon bottles (4L) Polar and Blacktop only
Coverage varies depending on application and surface



Chroma Mural Paint and Mural Paint Markers are lightfast, outdoor, water-resistant paints, designed with the mural artist in mind. With superior coverage, handling and pigment load, artists have a great paint that can be used straight from the bottle for interior and exterior murals. The bright and mixable colors are non-toxic and clean up easily with soap and water.

There are lots of factors that contribute to a mural's success, and like most projects, preparation and planning are key.

SITE SELECTION & PREPARATION

- Examine your surface. Ideally, the wall should be in good shape. Has it been previously painted? Were oil paints or water-based paint used? Does the wall look flat or shiny? Is the existing paint flaking? Does the wall exhibit efflorescence—minerals that seep through the wall, leaving a white salt-like stain? You'll want your surface, indoor or outdoor, to be as clean as possible. All flaking paint needs to be removed and any cracks filled. If you powerwash the wall, allow a week or so for it to dry. Are you painting on canvas that will be installed like wallpaper? Be sure to seal and prepare your canvas as well. *Tip: Outdoor walls that have dirt around them can ruin murals over time, as the moisture from the earth seeps up inside, causing damage from the inside out. Try to select another location.*

- Seal and prime your surface. We recommend using Fusion I.A. Series Binder to seal your surface from moisture, and Fusion I.A. Series Gesso to prime and promote better paint adhesion. *Tip: If you are sketching or using a grid to transfer your mural, lightly mark off the outlines of where your mural will be, so you do not have to gesso the entire wall!*

Chroma Mural Paints and Mural Paint Markers will work on just about any properly prepared surface - cinderblock, brick, plaster, drywall, stone, wood, cement, canvas, etc. They can also be used for stage backgrounds and sets. For best results, apply when temperatures are between 65-75°F. Colder temperatures can impact the film formation and the absolute minimum temperature is 50°F. High humidity also affects the mural's drying time; when the relative humidity is above 70%, use caution when applying.



TRANSFERRING & PAINTING THE MURAL

- To transfer a mural using the grid method, measure your surface, and mark it into 1' squares. Using a chalk line can help with this. For example, your wall is 10' H x 20' W = 200 squares of 1'. Next, on paper make a grid of the same amount of squares, but in inches, so you'll have a grid that is 10" H x 20" wide. This is your working model of your wall, and you can plan your mural accordingly in this space. Working on one square at a time, transfer what you see on each paper square onto the corresponding wall square. *Tip: Numbering the squares can be helpful if you are working on a community based project, so each participant knows where and what they will be transferring.*

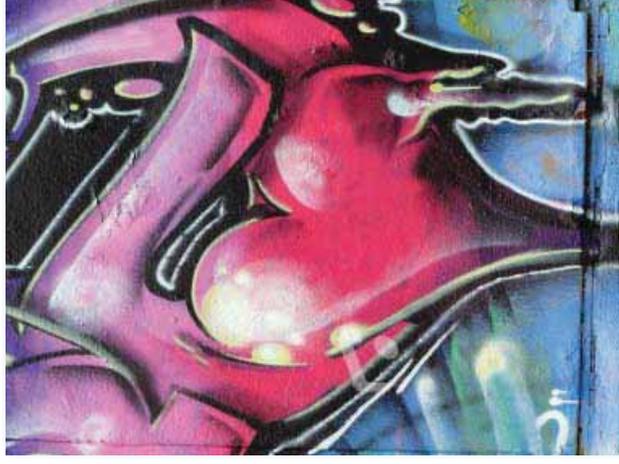
- When possible, start from the top and work your way down, filling in the main areas of color. Just block in the major lights and darks as an underpainting until the main composition is covered. *Tip: Back up and view your work! It's easier to fix any compositional issues at this stage rather than later.*



- Working on a few adjacent squares at a time, build details. Remember, most murals will be seen from a distance, so you won't need as much detail as you think. If your mural is representational, working from background to foreground is a standard practice. Use expressive brushwork and drybrush wet-over-dry paint to build up the realism. Use Mural Paint Markers for lines, strokes and splatters.

FINISHING THE MURAL

- Apply an isolation coat and let dry thoroughly (48 hours) for best results.
- Apply Fusion I.A. Series Pro-grade Exterior UV Varnish (Matte or Gloss) with a brush. Test in a small area before committing to the entire project. Occasionally, a varnish can become cloudy as it dries. This happens because the varnish was applied too heavily, overworked, or applied during unfavorable weather conditions. Most varnishes should be applied when air temperatures are between 55-75°F. Do not apply in direct sunlight. Do not apply to wet surfaces or if rain or heavy dew is expected within 24-48 hours. Apply 2-4 thin coats, letting each varnish layer dry thoroughly between coats.



Note: Chroma recommends using Fusion I.A. Series of Coatings, Grounds and Varnishes. If you choose to use other products, please test prior to application.